

WEATHER.

Unsettled tonight. Tuesday, fair and warmer; light variable winds.

No. 18,583.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1911—FOURTEEN PAGES.

The circulation of The Star, both daily and Sunday, is greater by many thousands than that of any other Washington newspaper.

CONTAINING ON PAGE 8 CLOSING NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

ONE CENT.

HAD GIRL ON GRILL

Miss Davis Tells of McCabe "Third Degree" Methods.

LOCKED HER IN A ROOM

Secret Service Man Present as She Was Questioned.

HAD PROMISE OF IMMUNITY

Taken Before Secretary Wilson, Who Assured Her She Could Safely Tell Chief's Secrets.

The House committee investigating the charges of illegal procedure by Dr. Wiley in the Department of Agriculture had three important witnesses today. Carrie M. Davis, stenographer to Dr. Keblor, chief of the drug division, told of the attempt made by Solicitor McCabe to find out through her whether Dr. Keblor was connected with drug companies.

Dr. W. D. Bigelow, assistant chief of the bureau of chemistry, associated with Dr. Wiley, testified that the personnel committee, in charging that an arrangement had been entered into with Dr. H. H. Rusby whereby the latter was to work part of the time, but draw an annual salary of \$10,000, was based on a misrepresentation showing that Dr. Bigelow was proceeding upon the precedent set by Secretary Wilson in appointing members of the referee board. Dr. Bigelow characterized as unjust criticism made by Solicitor McCabe of the department.

Food Attorney Protests.

Willis Baldwin of Monroe, Mich., attorney for the food-manufacturing firms that tried to enjoin the operation of the Indiana state law, appeared in protest against what he termed as misrepresentation of the facts in the Indiana case. He was greeted by Chairman Mose of the committee, who was in the legislature when the Indiana law was passed. Mr. Baldwin admitted that it was through the influence of the Agriculture Department that members of the Hemen referee board testified in favor of the state law in the Indiana suit.

The committee resumed its hearing at 10 o'clock this morning, as it was reported that Dr. Wiley himself would be placed on the stand. But the continued examination of Dr. Bigelow and of Miss Davis, stenographer to Dr. Keblor, occupied practically all of the committee's time up to noon.

Suppression of Correspondence.

Members of the committee regard as highly important the fact brought out by Henry E. Davis, attorney for Dr. Wiley, that the personnel boards, which the Hemen referee board testified in favor of in the Indiana suit, were recommended by Dr. Wiley and Bigelow to be "permitted to resign" and that Dr. Keblor be reduced, suppressed in its report to the extent of the three officials of the bureau of chemistry, and an important portion of a letter written by Dr. Bigelow to Dr. Rusby, head of the bureau of the appointment of Dr. Wiley.

This suppressed portion of the Bigelow letter suggested that the appointment of the three officials of the bureau of chemistry or Hemen referee board afforded a precedent for an identical appointment for Dr. Wiley.

Bigelow's Letter to Rusby.

"Considering all of the kinds of work you do, an appointment to cover them with remuneration on different basis for the kind of work appears to be so complicated that I fear we would have difficulty in getting it through. The referee board is now appointed at an annual salary of \$2,000, and if the Secretary will do it, I do not see why your appointment could not be made on the same basis. Dr. Keblor and I took the matter up with Dr. Wiley today, and he said he would if we had on record an understanding with you so that we could be held responsible for the kind of work we were doing and not devoting your whole time to the bureau."

McCabe's Orders Reviewed.

The committee inquired again today into the order issued by Solicitor McCabe forbidding any one in the bureau of chemistry from discussing any of the affairs of the bureau with United States attorneys without McCabe's express permission.

"Were any express orders given to that effect?" Representative Floyd of Arkansas inquired.

"Yes," said Dr. Bigelow, "replied Dr. Bigelow, 'what an officer of the bureau of chemistry was to do when a United States attorney asked specific questions. He replied that he had no objection to our answering express questions. But his instructions were to refuse to answer just when he thought we had been giving information that no one in the bureau of chemistry was willing to say anything to United States attorneys who are prosecuting pure food cases. The restriction was a very narrow one, and it was not intended to take away a case with the committee's understanding it.' Dr. Bigelow replied."

Promises of Immunity.

Miss Davis told today how the secret service man, the solicitor and finally Secretary of Agriculture Wilson had repeatedly promised her immunity if she would testify against Keblor, assuring her that she would be taken care of and that no harm would come

ATWOOD'S AIR TRIP

Aviator Begins Flight From St. Louis to Boston.

SPRINGFIELD FIRST STOP

Covers Ninety-Eight Miles in 2 Hours and 25 Minutes.

HEADS NEXT FOR CHICAGO

Expects to Reach That City This Evening—Total Length of Route Is 1,460 Miles.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., August 14.—Sweeping over towns and villages apparently with perfect ease, Harry N. Atwood of Boston, in his Burgess-Wright biplane, arrived over Springfield at 10:30 a. m. today, thus completing the first leg of his fourteen-hundred-and-sixty-mile flight across the continent from St. Louis to New York and Boston by way of Chicago.

Atwood left the ground at St. Louis at 8:05 a. m. He covered the ninety-eight miles to a point over Springfield in two hours and twenty-five minutes, landing four minutes after his appearance here in Capitol Park. His highest altitude on the trip, as reported, was 1,000 feet, but generally he kept lower, skimming over towns in easy view of the thousands who turned out all along the route.

Sweeps Across Mississippi.

In his effort to establish a new record-breaking distance flight, stimulated by a prize offered by the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Atwood made a singularly picturesque and dashing spectacle when he rose above St. Louis, swept across the Mississippi river and descended into a mere speck as he sat northward over the farm lands of Illinois.

Landing here, Atwood said he would resume the trip toward Chicago at 3 p. m. He may reach Bloomington, Ill., two hours later, where he is scheduled to stop.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 14.—A mid-day crowd of eager spectators had gathered on the river bank to witness the event, and under a sky obscured by clouds, Atwood this morning shortly after 10 o'clock began his record-breaking flight. The flight over the heart of St. Louis was made for a special prize offered by the Post-Dispatch.

Careful Plans for Flight.

Beginning at an early hour, the mechanics made plans for the long air voyage. The Burgess-Wright biplane, which was brought forth from the hangar where it had been under guard since last night.

Reaches 1,000-Foot Level.

For about a hundred yards the aeroplane skimmed lightly over the ground; then Atwood slightly tilted his planes and the big machine rose gracefully into the air, gradually reaching the 1,000 feet, he deemed sufficient for a safe flight over the high buildings in the business district. During his flight over the city the streets were crowded with spectators, who cheered his appearance. Roofs of buildings and other vantage points were crowded with spectators, while a business for an hour or more was practically suspended.

Little Time Consumed.

Little time was consumed in the selection of the jury, and George E. Robertson was chosen foreman. After the jurors had been instructed and the oath administered the court said:

Beulah Binford, the "woman in the case," sat smiling in an adjoining ante-room, waiting to be called as a witness.

She was dressed in a becoming blue dress and wore a light blue picture hat. The day afforded her the first glimpse of the outside world since her arrest, and she appeared to be thoroughly enjoying her temporary liberty from her squalid jail surroundings. Beattie was not brought here today, but remained in his cell in the Richmond jail.

Resumes Flight Tomorrow.

Early tomorrow morning he will again ascend to the clouds above Chicago, before starting on his trip eastward to Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo and other smaller cities, and thence to New York and finally Boston.

Atwood said yesterday he expected to complete the long aerial voyage in about two days.

After his departure from Chicago Atwood plans to fly over Elkhart, Ind., Toledo, Cleveland and Ashtabula, Ohio, before reaching New York.

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SENATE BILL PROHIBITS PUBLICATION OF CRIMES

Senator Works of California Introduces Measure Which Applies to District.

Believing that a halt should be called in the publication of details of horrible occurrences, Senator Works of California today introduced in the Senate a bill making it unlawful to publish details of crimes and accidents in the District of Columbia.

Hurtful to Morals.

"Not only does such publication incite others to crime, and sometimes to suicide," said Senator Works, "but it is generally hurtful to the morals and sensibilities of the people to read columns of sensational stories of crime and criminals. It is impossible to pick up a newspaper today without seeing stories after stories of death by violence, horrible accidents and other such matters. I think it is high time the matter should be given serious consideration."

Text of the Bill.

"It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation or association to publish in any newspaper or other publication in the District of Columbia, or to cause to be published, any account of any crime, accident, injury or tragedy of any kind, or of any other matter of a sensational nature, which shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, nor more than five thousand dollars, to which may be added imprisonment for not exceeding one year."

REASONS FOR RESIGNING.

Mr. Flint Explains Retirement From Monetary Commission.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., August 14.—Former United States Senator Frank P. Flint, explaining his resignation from the monetary commission, said yesterday: "The commission might, under proper conditions, accomplish a great deal of good, but a business man, 3,000 miles from the seat of government cannot give this vital matter the attention it should have. As a matter of fact, I think the commission might, under proper conditions, accomplish a great deal of good, but a business man, 3,000 miles from the seat of government cannot give this vital matter the attention it should have."

DE LA BARRA FOR PRESIDENT.

Placed in Nomination by the "Liberal-Radical" Party.

MEXICO CITY, August 14.—Without their consent having been obtained, Francisco de la Barra and Gen. Bernardo Reyes have been nominated for the presidency and vice presidency by a group of men representing the liberal-radical party. The general is an independent candidate for the presidential race.

Shaded by Ancient Trees.

Venerable oaks and white-scurved sycamores guard the courthouse way, shading an old-fashioned well and a gray stone shaft erected in honor of Confederate dead.

Examine Ensign Who Disappeared.

NORFOLK, Va., August 14.—Ensign Robert M. Young of Concord, N. C., who disappeared from the battleship USS Oregon at Brooklyn some time ago, having reported at the Norfolk Naval Hospital after being in a sanitarium at Charlotte, N. C., was today examined by a naval medical board, which will report to Washington.

Conference Report Submitted.

The conference report on the campaign publicity bill was reported to the Senate today by Senator Dillingham, chairman of the Senate conference. No action was taken, the report going over on request by Senator Borah that it be printed before being voted on.

Sentenced to Be Reprimanded.

Second Lieut. John A. Sloan, Coast Artillery Corps, was recently convicted by court-martial, convened at Fort Monroe, Va., of the charge of drunkenness in a public place. He was sentenced to be reprimanded.

Three Persons Dying as Result of Tailor's Act.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Three persons are dying in the Long Island Hospital today as the result of an early morning visit paid by John Vecchi, a mad tailor, on his neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. John Arminia.

PRESENT TO DISTRICT

Col. and Mrs. Blount Donate Strip of Land.

TO WIDEN LOVERS' LANE

Condemnation Proceedings Fore-

stalled by Voluntary Dedication of Desired Property.

The gift to the District by Col. Henry F. Blount and Mrs. Blount of a twenty-foot strip of land lying along the north side of Lovers' lane and extending for a distance of 300 feet was announced today.

Covered With Shade Trees.

The strip of property will be taken from the Oaks, the Blount estate. Altogether it comprises 10,000 feet. It is covered with magnificent shade trees and will be used as a parking for the street.

BOMB WRECKS WALLS.

Huge Holes Blown in Italian Tenement House, New York.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Two holes large enough to admit a horse and wagon easily were blown in the walls of a five-story Italian tenement house on West 12th street here early this morning by the explosion of a dynamite bomb. Ninety-five windows were shattered, and the eighty-odd persons who lived in the building were sent scurrying to the streets in panic, although no one was seriously injured.

CLAIMS MANY VICTIMS.

Hot Wave Yesterday in Berlin Breaks Record of Years.

BERLIN, August 14.—The hot wave has claimed many victims. Yesterday was the hottest August 13 since the establishment of the weather bureau in 1851. The local observatory reported 80 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade, but the shade temperature in the streets was about 97 degrees. At Frankfurt-on-the-Main 95 degrees were recorded. In this city thirty-four cases of sunstroke, four of them fatal, were reported. A cab driver became insane because of the heat.

ATTACKS TWO, SHOTS SELF.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Three persons are dying in the Long Island Hospital today as the result of an early morning visit paid by John Vecchi, a mad tailor, on his neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. John Arminia.

Takes Law in His Own Hands.

DURHAM, Conn., August 14.—Because the only grand jury in the town was ill and could not entertain a complaint made by Arthur Jackson against a fellow farm hand for assault, Jackson last night shot from his bedroom window and killed Arthur Walker as he passed. The two men quarreled last week, and Jackson was roughly handled. His failure to get revenge through legal means led to the shooting.

CAPT. CARTER TELLS

COMMITTEE OF WOES

Former Army Engineer Complains to House Members of His Treatment.

Former Capt. O. M. Carter, the army engineer who served in prison and who was required to forfeit several hundred thousand dollars to the government for his alleged connection with the harbor scandal at Savannah, Ga., today complained bitterly before the House committee on expenditures in the Department of Justice in regard to his treatment. He informed the committee that Richard H. Weyman of Chicago, the special master of the federal court who took the evidence in Carter's case, told him several days ago that the conduct of the case was a "terrible travesty on justice."

"Cooked-Up" Testimony.

Carter denounced the activities of Marion Marvin, special counsel for the government, and E. I. Johnson, an engineer employed as an expert witness. He said these men had kept themselves on the government payroll for two years "hooking up" testimony and intentional falsehoods. He declared that all of his private papers and property, seized by government agents, had been kept in a locked room, and that he had been unable to recover even a lock of his dead wife's hair and a piece of the flag that flew over Fort Sumter.

BOMB